Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

not yet discovered, they are just as bad as they were last year, but in a great many places in the city where they were very bad last year, they have almost entirely disappeared.

Respectfully, W. C. GORGAS,
Major and Surgeon, U. S. A., Chief Sanitary Officer.

The ADJUTANT-GENERAL,
Department of Cuba, Havana.

Reports from Matanzas, Cardenas, Isabela de Sagua, and Caibarien.

MATANZAS, CUBA, *December 11, 1901.*

SIR: Through the chief quarantine officer for the island of Cuba, I have the honor to submit herewith the following sanitary report of the quarantine district under my command, for the week ended December 7, 1901:

Matanzas.—Nine deaths occurred in the city of Matanzas during the period covered by this report, showing a mortality of 10.37 per 1,000. The principal causes of death were as follows: Enteritis, 3; tuberculosis, 1; nephritis, 1; congenital debility, 1; other causes, 3. One case of diphtheria was reported. Ten vessels arrived during the week; 6 of these were inspected and passed and 4 passed without inspection. Eight bills of health were issued to vessels leaving this port. I have the honor to transmit herewith mortality statistics for the city of Matanzas during the month of November, 1901. Tuberculosis, 14; heart disease, 7; enteritis, 6; carcinoma, 4; cerebral hemorrhage, 4; tetanus, infantile, 3; nephritis, 2; encephalitis, 2; entero-septic fever, 1; infectious fever, 1; malarial fever, 1; senility, 1; arterio-sclerosis, 1; aortitis, acute, 1; anæmia, 2; bronchitis, 1; pneumonia, 1; syphilis, 1; septicæmia, 1; diphtheria, 1; submaxillary abscess, 1; general sclerosis, 1; anthrax, 1. Total, 58; showing a monthly mortality of 15.38 per 1,000. The weather has been quite pleasant.

Cardenas.—Acting Asst. Surg. Enrique Saez reports that 8 deaths occurred in Cardenas during the week of the following causes: Enteritis, 2; senility, 1; heart disease, 1; cerebral hemorrhage, 1, and other causes, 3. No case of infectious or contagious character was reported. The death rate during the week was 16.90 per 1,000. Eleven vessels arrived during the week; 3 of these were inspected and passed and 8 passed without inspection. Thirteen bills of health were issued to vessels leaving the port.

Isabela de Sagua.—Acting Asst. Surg. Pedro Garcia Riera reports that during the week ended November 30, 1901, 13 deaths occurred in the municipal district of Isabela de Sagua, of the following causes: General debility in children, 2; tuberculosis, 1; arterio-sclerosis, 1; meningitis, 1; tetanus, infantile, 1; heart disease, 1; nephritis, 1; malarial fever, 1; other causes, 4. The death rate during the week was 31.78 per 1,000. For the week ended December 7, 1901, he reports that 9 deaths occurred of the following causes: Tuberculosis, 5; heart disease, 1; tetanus, infantile, 1; other causes, 2. The death rate during the week was 22 per 1,000. No case of infectious or contagious character was reported. Thirteen vessels arrived during the week; 2 of these were inspected and passed and 11 passed without inspection. Thirteen bills of health were issued to vessels leaving the port.

Caibarien.—Acting Asst. Surg. Leoncio Junco reports that 3 deaths occurred in Caibarien of the following causes: Gastro-intestinal insufficiency, 1; arterio-sclerosis, 1; unknown, 1. The death rate was 18.10

per 1,000. No case of infectious or contagious character was reported. Seven vessels arrived and were passed without inspection. Five bills of health were issued to vessels leaving the port.

Respectfully, G. M. GUITÉRAS,
Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Nuevitas, Puerto Padre, Gibara, Banes, and Baracoa.

NUEVITAS, CUBA, *December 9, 1901.*

SIR: Through the chief quarantine officer for the island of Cuba, I have the honor to submit the following report for the week ended December 9, 1901: Eleven vessels arrived at this port and 10 bills of health were issued. There were 2 deaths—1 pustula maligna, 1 infantile tetanus. The weather is dried and windy, and nights are cool; the sanitary condition is good.

Puerto Padre.—Report shows the arrival of 7 vessels, the issuance of 6 bills of health, 1 death from malaria, and good sanitary condition.

Gibara.—Report shows the arrival of 6 vessels, the issuance of 10 bills of health, 3 deaths—1 tuberculosis, 1 infantile tetanus, 1 chronic enteritis, and good sanitary condition.

Banes.—Report shows the arrival of 4 vessels, no deaths, and good sanitary condition.

No quarantinable disease is reported at any point in the district.

Respectfully, OWEN W. STONE,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

NUEVITAS, CUBA, *December 9, 1901.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit inclosed reports of weekly transactions at some of the subports under my command.

Baracoa.—Abstract of bills of health issued and weekly report of vessels arrived during the week ended November 23, 1901.

Puerto Padre.—Abstract of bills of health issued, weekly report of vessels arrived, and weekly report of alien steerage passengers, for the week ended November 30, 1901; also report of immigrants inspected in said month.

Gibara.—Abstract of bills of health issued, and weekly report of vessels arrived during the week ended November 30, 1901.

Respectfully, OWEN W. STONE,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

GIBARA, CUBA, *December 5, 1901.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the week ended November 30, 1901: One death occurred in the city, the cause of which was fracture of spine. Death per 1,000 inhabitants, 6.84. Eleven vessels were inspected and passed, granted pratique. Six bills of health were issued vessels leaving the port. No alien steerage pas-